

WORLD WAR I

VERSAILLES TREATY

THE BIG FOUR

- France
- Italy
- Britain
- United States
- President Clemenceau
- Prime Minister Orlando
- Prime Minister Lloyd George
- President Woodrow Wilson

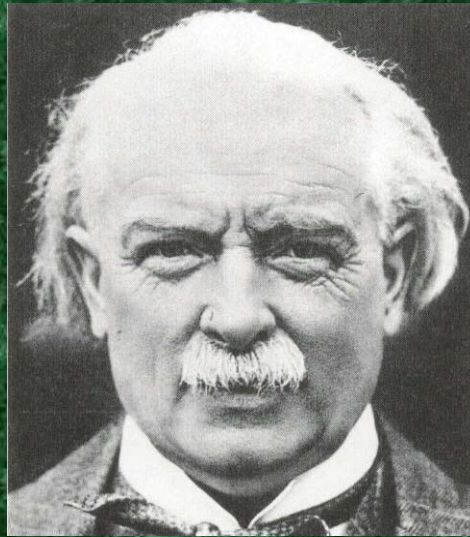
PRESIDENT CLEMENCEAU



PRIME MINISTER ORLANDO



PRIME MINISTER LLOYD GEORGE



PRESIDENT WOODROW WILSON



PEACE OF PARIS 1919

- Treaty of St. Germaine
- Treaty of Trianon
- Treaty of Sevres
- Treaty of Versailles
- Austria
- Hungary
- Ottoman Empire
- Germany

VERSAILLES TREATY A

- Alsace-Lorraine Restored to France
- Rhineland Demilitarized and occupied
- Germany to Pay Reparations(23 billion dollars)
- German Army reduced to 100,000
- German Navy reduced most ships divided by the Allies
- Germany declared Guilty of starting W.W.I

VERSAILLES TREATY B

- Creation of a League of Nations
- Saar Governed by League of Nations and used by France for 15 years
- German and Ottoman possessions taken and given as Mandates to Britain and France
- Territorial Adjustments
 - 1. Poland
 - 2. Belgium
 - 3. Yugoslavia

SIGNIFICANCE OF TREATY

- Recognized Right of National Self-Determination
- Designed to put an end to the German Menace
- But too severe to Conciliate but not severe enough to destroy Germany
- U.S. never ratified the Treaty
- Russia was excluded